

RECIRCSETTER

THERMOSTATIC BALANCING VALVE

TECHNICAL BROCHURE

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RECIRCSETTER

THERMOSTATIC BALANCING VALVE

The RecircSetter[™] by Jomar Valve is an adjustable thermostatic balancing valve (TBV) for domestic hot water recirculation system applications. This balancing valve utilizes a thermostatic cartridge, which eliminates the need for pressure ports to balance the system and allows the valve to balance based on temperature as opposed to pressure or flow.

The RecircSetter[™] is certified to NSF 61 and NSF 372 for potable hot water systems and has an adjustable hand wheel with a temperature range from 95°F to 140°F. It can be equipped with a thermal cartridge for thermal disinfection treatment at a fixed temperature of 160°F, or with an actuated bypass to fully control the thermal disinfection process with a Building Management System (BMS). The RecircSetter[™] is available with female NPT connections, a drywell thermometer, and is equipped with a temperature sensor port for remote monitoring (½" NPT plugged).

OPERATING PRINCIPLE

Thermostatic balancing valves solve the balancing challenges of hot water recirculation systems by recirculating the hot water loop based on temperature - rather than traditional methods based on pressure or flow - in order to achieve uniform hot water at each fixture. The RecircSetter[™] balances based upon the water temperature of the line: the valve modulates open or "closed" depending on the desired recirculation temperature. The desired recirculation temperature is chosen by the system designer and is field adjustable should the system demand change. It is important to note that the RecircSetter[™] is never fully closed: an amount of flow is continuously circulating through the valve even when in its "closed" position.

| MATERIAL | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| BODY | LEAD FREE BRASS - C27453 |
| O-RING | EPDM |
| PRESETTING HAND WHEEL | NYLON 66 |
| PROTECTION HAND WHEEL | ABS |
| SPRING | AISI 302 STAINLESS STEEL |
| SHUTTER | PSU |

| CHARACTERISTICS | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| MAX WORKING PRESSURE | 232 PSI |
| MAX DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE | 14.50 PSI |
| MAX WORKING TEMPERATURE | 194°F |
| TEMPERATURE SETTING RANGE | 95°F - 140°F |
| ACCURACY | +/- 4°F |
| FACTORY PRESETTING | 125°F |
| THERMAL DISINFECTION TEMPERATURE | 160°F |
| C _{VMAX} | 2.10 |
| C _{VMIN} | 0.23 |
| | 1.16 - 1.21 |
| C _{VDESIGN} | 0.53 - 0.59 |





The typical challenge with domestic hot water balancing is keeping the minimum desired water temperature at all fixtures, even those located farthest from the water heater.

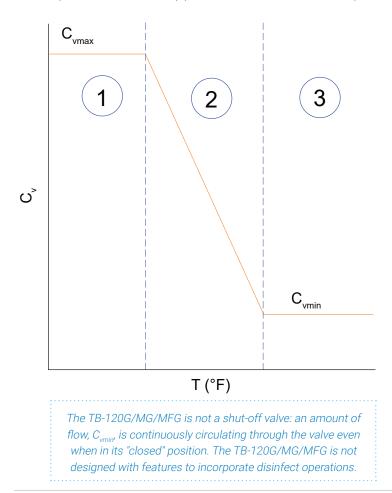
The RecircSetter[™] modulates to balance the hot water recirculation branch based on the selected temperature through its thermostatic cartridge.

By selecting the same temperature at every valve, a uniform temperature is ensured in every branch.

Designers can select the design temperature within the

range of 95°F and 140°F (factory setting 125°F) by using the presetting hand wheel. It is best practice to have the same temperature selected for every valve in the system.

The RecircSetter[™] TB-120G is available in four configurations: (1) base; (2) base + check valve; (3) base + dual isolation + integrated check valve + integrated Filter Ball[®] strainer.



Working Area 1 - Maximum C_{vmax} , $T_{water} \ll T_{desired recirc}$ In this temperature range, the value is completely open and a spring is balancing the thermostatic catridge

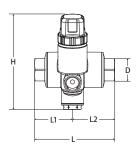
Working Area 2 - Variable C_v , when T_{water} is reaching $T_{desired recirc}$ When the water temperature is approaching the selected balancing temperature, the thermostatic cartridge is expanding until it reaches the "closed" position where the minimum flow is met, C_{vmin}

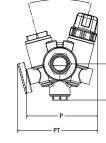
Working Area 3 - C_{vmin} , $T_{water} \ge T_{desired recirc}$

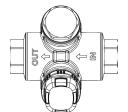
When the water temperature is higher than the selected temperature, the thermostatic cartridge is keeping the valve in "closed" position and the minimum flow occurs, C_{vmin}

RECIRCSETTER™ TECHNICAL SPECS

TB-120G | base

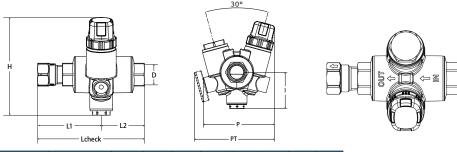






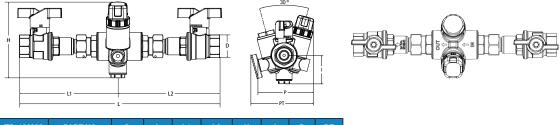
| TB-120G | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | I | Р | PT |
|---------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| FXF | 180-103G-B | 1/2" | 3.66 | 1.73 | 1.93 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |
| FXF | 180-104G-B | 3/4" | 3.9 | 1.85 | 2.05 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |

 $TB-120G \mid$ base + check valve



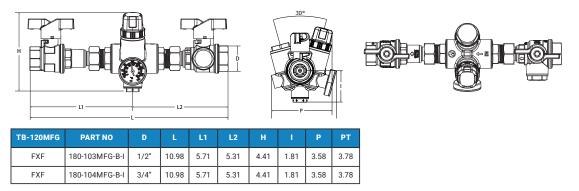
| TB-120G | PART NO | D | L _{check} | L1 | L2 | Н | | Р | РТ |
|---------|--------------|------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| FXF | 180-103G-B-C | 1/2" | 4.8 | 2.87 | 1.93 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |
| FXF | 180-104G-B-C | 3/4" | 5.43 | 3.39 | 2.05 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |

TB-120MG | base + dual isolation + integrated check value



| | TB-120MG | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | | Р | РТ |
|---|----------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | FXF | 180-103MG-B-I | 1/2" | 11.5 | 5.75 | 5.75 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |
| ĺ | FXF | 180-104MG-B-I | 3/4" | 11.5 | 5.75 | 5.75 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |

 $TB\text{-}120MFG \mid \texttt{base} + \texttt{dual} \text{ isolation} + \texttt{integrated} \text{ check valve} + \texttt{integrated} \text{ Filter Ball}^{\texttt{®}} \text{ strainer}$





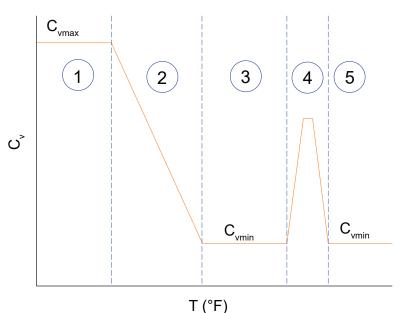
RECIRCSETTER™ THERMAL DISINFECTION

As recommended by health safety standards, disinfection treatments may be required to avoid proliferation of bacteria in a potable water system. A common thermal disinfection procedure occurs by flushing the system with a water temperature above 158°F. This temperature is the point where bacteria is eradicated.

The RecircSetter[™] TB-130G/MG/MFG model is equipped with a thermal disinfection cartridge. As the line temperature approaches 150°F, the valve will modulate open to allow increased flow, and will then begin to "close"

as the line temperature approaches 160°F. The disinfection temperature cannot be modified by the end user.

The RecircSetter[™] TB-130G is available in four configurations: (1) disinfect; (2) disinfect + check valve; (3) disinfect + dual isolation + integrated check valve; (4) disinfect + dual isolation + integrated check valve + integrated Filter Ball[®] strainer.



The TB-130G/MG/MFG is not a shut-off valve: an amount of flow, C_{vmin}, is continuously circulating through the valve even when in its "closed" position. The TB-130G/MG is designed with an automatic disinfect feature to bypass at the fixed pre-set temperature of 160°F. **Working Area 1 - Maximum C**_{vmax}, T_{water} << T_{desiredrecirc} In this temperature range, the valve is completely open and a spring is balancing the thermostatic cartridge

Working Area 2 - Variable C_v , when T_{water} is reaching $T_{desired recirc}$ When the water temperature is approaching the selected balancing temperature, the thermostatic cartridge is expanding until it reaches the "closed" position where the minimum flow is met, C_{vmin}

Working Area 3 - C_{vmin}, T_{water} ≥ T_{desiredrecirc}

When the water temperature is higher than the selected temperature, the thermostatic cartridge is keeping the valve in "closed" position and the minimum flow occurs, C_{umin}

Working Area 4 - C_{disinf} , $T_{water} \ge T_{disinf}$

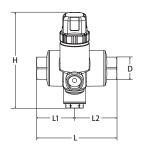
The thermal disinfection cartridge allows increased water flow through the valve when the temperature reaches the disinfection value (factory selected at 160°F and not modifiable by end user)

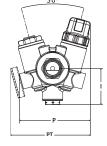
Working Area 5 - C_{vmin}, T_{water} ≥ T_{disinf}

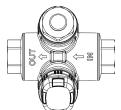
When the water temperature is higher than the disinfection point, the flow is reduced to $\rm C_{\rm vmin}$

RECIRCSETTER™ TECHNICAL SPECS

TB-130G | disinfect

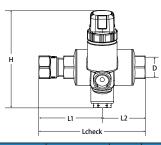






| TB-130G | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | I. | Р | РТ |
|---------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| FXF | 180-103G-D | 1/2" | 3.66 | 1.73 | 1.93 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.01 |
| FXF | 180-104G-D | 3/4" | 3.9 | 1.85 | 2.05 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.01 |

TB-130G | disinfect + check valve



FXF

FXF

180-103MG-D-I

180-104MG-D-I

3/4"

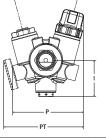
11.5

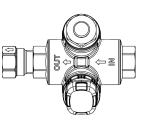
5.75

5.75

4.41

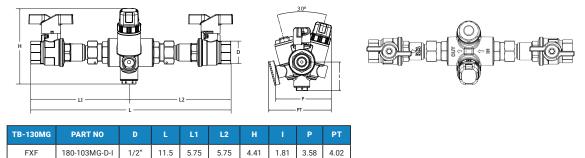
1.81 3.58





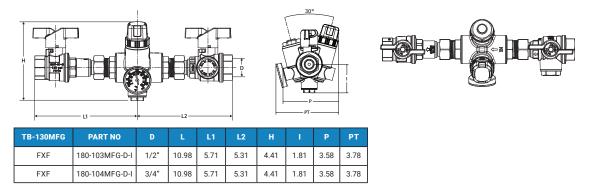
| TB-130G | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | I. | Р | PT |
|---------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| FXF | 180-103G-D-C | 1/2" | 4.8 | 2.87 | 1.93 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |
| FXF | 180-104G-D-C | 3/4" | 5.43 | 3.39 | 2.05 | 4.41 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.02 |

TB-130MG | disinfect + dual isolation + integrated check value



TB-130MFG | disinfect + dual isolation + integrated check valve + integrated Filter Ball® strainer

4.02





TB-150G, TB-150MG, TB-150MFG

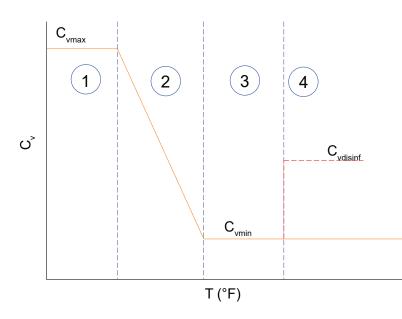
RECIRCSETTER™ ACTUATED THERMAL DISINFECTION

By using the RecircSetter[™] model TB-150G/MG/MFG, it is possible to completely control the disinfect procedure by using an actuated bypass. These models allow the end user to choose their thermal disinfection temperature, duration, and frequency through a Building Maintenance System (BMS).

With a specific BMS, it is possible to detect water temperature and control the actuator within the valve in order to fully control the thermal disinfection procedure. Advantages include: monitoring the procedure branch by

branch; controlling the duration of the operation; controlling the temperature of the disinfection procedure at any time; and controlling the temperature that should exceed 158°F.

The RecircSetter[™] TB-150G is equipped with a thermoelectric actuator and is available in four configurations: (1) actuator; (2) actuator + check valve; (3) actuator + dual isolation + integrated check valve; (4) actuator + dual isolation + integrated check valve + integrated Filter Ball[®] strainer.



The TB-150G/MG/MFG is not a shut-off valve: an amount of flow, C_{vmin} is continuously circulating through the valve even when in its "closed" position. Working Area 1 - Maximum C_{vmax}, T_{water} << T_{desiredrecirc}

In this temperature range, the valve is completely open and a spring is balancing the thermostatic cartridge

Working Area 2 - Variable C_v , when T_{water} is reaching $T_{desired recirc}$ When the water temperature is approaching the selected balancing temperature, the thermostatic cartridge is expanding until it reaches the "closed" position where the minimum flow is met, C_{vmin}

Working Area 3 - C_{vmin}, T_{water} ≥ T_{desiredrecirc}

When the water temperature is higher than the selected temperature, the thermostatic cartridge is keeping the valve in "closed" position and the minimum flow occurs, C_{vmin}

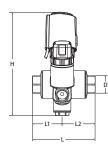
Working Area 4 - C_{disinf}

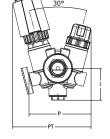
To work in this area, the below conditions must be met simultaneously:

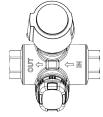
- Water temperature over 158°F
- The actuator must be open

Such conditions are typically controlled by an external control or BMS (not included).

TB-150G | actuator

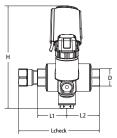






| TB-150G | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | I | Р | РТ |
|---------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| FXF | 180-103G-A | 1/2" | 3.66 | 1.73 | 1.93 | 6.06 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.49 |
| FXF | 180-104G-A | 3/4" | 3.9 | 1.85 | 2.05 | 6.06 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.49 |

TB-150G | actuator + check valve



180-104MG-A-I

3/4"

11.5

5.75

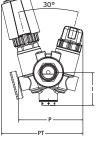
5.75

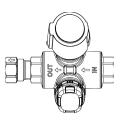
6.06

1.81

3.82

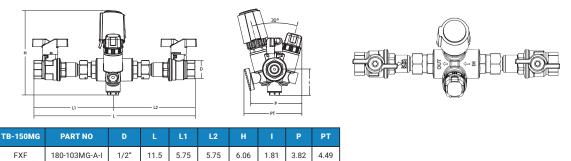
FXF





| TB-150G | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | I | Р | РТ |
|---------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| FXF | 180-103G-A-C | 1/2" | 4.8 | 1.73 | 1.93 | 6.06 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.49 |
| FXF | 180-104G-A-C | 3/4" | 5.43 | 1.85 | 2.05 | 6.06 | 1.81 | 3.58 | 4.49 |

 $TB\mathchar`B\mathchar`+\mathch$



TB-150MFG | actuator + dual isolation + integrated check valve + integrated Filter Ball® strainer

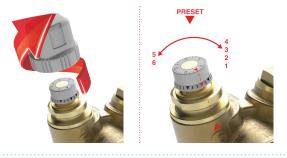
4.49

| | | | | | - | | 30° | | | |
|----------|----------------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| B-150MFG | PART NO | D | L | L1 | L2 | н | I. | Р | РТ | |
| FXF | 180-103MFG-A-I | 1/2" | 10.98 | 5.71 | 5.31 | 6.06 | 1.81 | 4.25 | 4.72 | |
| FXF | 180-104MFG-A-I | 3/4" | 10.98 | 5.71 | 5.31 | 6.06 | 1.81 | 4.25 | 4.72 | |

PRESETTING OPERATION

The RecircSetter[™] has a factory presetting of 125°F (equal to position ▼ on the hand wheel selector). The user can change the presetting by:

- 1. Removing the hand wheel protective cap
- 2. Turning the selector to the target position
- 3. Replacing the hand wheel protective cap on the valve to prevent tampering in the field



| | HAND WHEEL SETPOINT TEMPERATURE (°F) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 95° 100° 105° 110° 115° 120° 125° 130° 135° 140 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.9 | ▼ 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 6 | | | | | | |

100

Selecting a temperature 3°F - 5°F higher than the desired temperature at the index fixture is suggested to reduce the system's pressure drops and to be able to select the appropriate pump for the recirculation system.

INSTALLATION

The RecircSetter[™] can be installed at the end of the branch, with the following considerations:

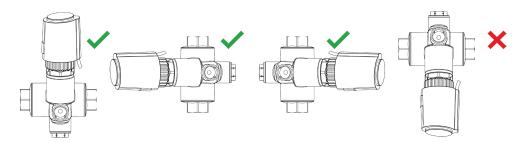
- 2. The valve is at least 20 inches from the headers



The RecircSetter[™] can be installed in both the vertical and horizontal position.

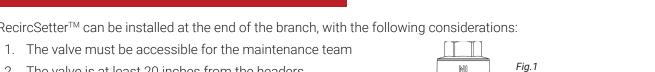
TB-150G

The RecircSetter[™] TB-150G/MG/MFG is actuated and must follow standard rules for valve orientation.



ALL MODELS

It is best practice - and in some cases, required by code - for balancing valves installed within HVAC or potable water applications to use a strainer with the appropriate mesh size.



- 3. The valve is oriented with the correct flow direction (Fig. 1)
- 4. The valves must not be installed in series of one another

ACCESSORIES

TAIL PIECE CHECK VALVE

INSTALLED ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF ALL MODELS



| UN | ION |
|------|-------|
| BALL | VALVE |

FOR DUAL ISOLATION IN MG MODELS



UNION BALL VALVE

WITH INTEGRATED CHECK VALVE; FOR DUAL ISOLATION IN MG MODELS



FILTER BALL® STRAINER

FOR INTEGRATED STRAINER IN MFG MODELS



| PART NO | SIZE |
|----------|------|
| 180-503G | 1/2" |
| 180-504G | 3/4" |

| PART NO | SIZE |
|----------|------|
| 180-703G | 1/2" |
| 180-704G | 3/4" |

| PART NO | SIZE |
|----------|------|
| 180-713G | 1/2" |
| 180-714G | 3/4" |
| | |

| PART NO | SIZE |
|----------|------|
| 180-723G | 1/2" |
| 180-724G | 3/4" |

N.C. THERMOELECTRIC ACTUATOR 24V

EQUIPPED WITH LIMIT MICRO SWITCH AND VA64 RING NUT



PART NO 180-893

THERMOWELL & PROBE

FOR USE WITH ACTUATED TB-150G



PART NO 180-TPW

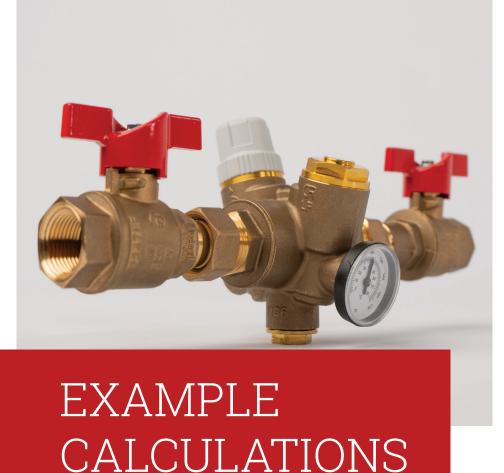


DOUBLE SCALE

521 1701

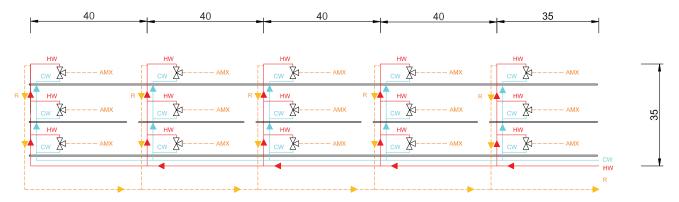


| PART | NO |
|-------|----|
| 899-1 | 80 |



To design the system properly, evaluation of each component's pressure drop is necessary for the appropriate pump sizing.

Consider a building with three floors and five branches for sanitary water, each consisting of hot water (HW) branches, cold water branches (CW) and hot water recirculation (R).



To guarantee a temperature drop that is not more than 10°F, one must take into consideration the thermal losses of the complete line.

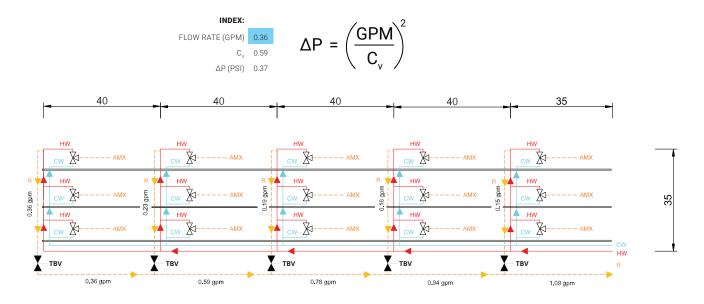
Three example calculations follow:

- 1. Standard thermostatic balancing (full system)
- 2. Thermal disinfection (all branches simultaneously)
- 3. Actuated thermal disinfection (1 branch at a time)

STANDARD THERMOSTATIC BALANCING (FULL SYSTEM)

TB-120G

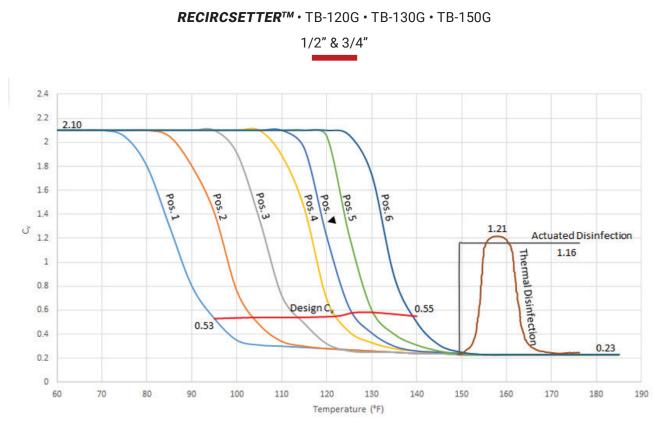
| BRANCH | VERTICAL TOTAL LENGTH (HW + R) | BRANCH THERMAL LOSSES (HW + R) | HORIZONTAL MANIFOLD LENGTH | HORIZONTAL MANIFOLD THERMAL LOSSES | THERMAL LOSSES (VERTICAL + HORIZONTAL) | TOTAL THERMAL LOSSES | BRANCH FLOW RATE | FLOW RATE ON THE BRANCH GPM = $\begin{pmatrix} BTU \\ 500\Delta T \end{pmatrix}$ |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | (FT) | (BTU) | (FT) | (BTU) | (BTU) | (BTU) | (GPM) | (GPM) |
| 1 | 70 | 700 | 35 | 350 | 1050 | 5450 | 0.15 | 1.09 |
| 2 | 70 | 700 | 40 | 400 | 1100 | 4400 | 0.16 | 0.94 |
| 3 | 70 | 700 | 40 | 400 | 1100 | 3300 | 0.19 | 0.78 |
| 4 | 70 | 700 | 40 | 400 | 1100 | 2200 | 0.23 | 0.59 |
| 5 | 70 | 700 | 40 | 400 | 1100 | 1100 | 0.36 | 0.36 |



Calculate the GPM required at the pump based on Σ thermal losses and back out the flow rate proportionally for each branch until the furthest branch from the pump has been reached.

$$\mathsf{GPM} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{BTU}}{500\Delta\mathsf{T}}\right)$$

Once the flow rate for the furthest branch has been determined [0.36 GPM based on the assumptions of water distribution temperature (135°F) and maximum allowable ΔT (10°F)], it is possible to calculate pressure drop using the default hand wheel setting curve (Pos. ∇ =125°F).



Locate the design C_v for the (Pos. ∇ =125°F) curve and calculate the pressure drop as follows:

$$\Delta P = \left(\frac{GPM}{C_v}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{.36}{.59}\right)^2 = 0.37 \text{ psi}$$

At this pressure drop, one must sum:

- 1. Headers and risers' pressure drop.
- 2. Recirculation pressure drop at the index valve furthest from the pump.

The total pressure drop together with the flow value must be used to select the appropriate pump.

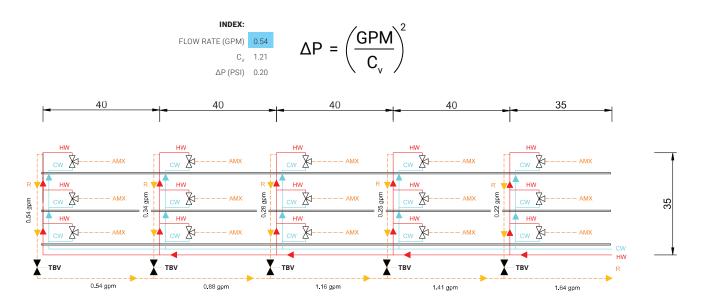
For additional detail, see Design C_v Guide.

THERMAL DISINFECTION (ALL BRANCHES SIMULTANEOUSLY)

TB-130G

| ASSUMPTIONS: | WATER HEATER TEMP | 168°F |
|--------------|--|--------------|
| | $RECIRCSETTER^{\mathsf{TM}}SETPOINTPOSITION$ | 125°F |
| | C _v TEMP | 160°F |
| | HEAT LOSS (h) | 15 BTU/ft/hi |
| | ΔT | 10°F |

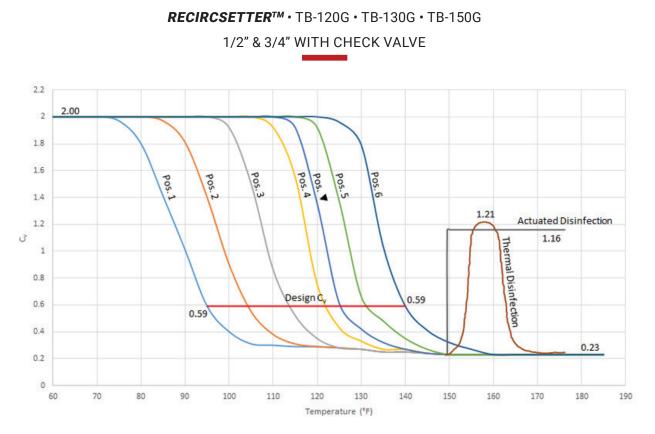
| BRANCH | VERTICAL TOTAL LENGTH (HW + R) | BRANCH THERMAL LOSSES (HW + R) | HORIZONTAL MANIFOLD LENGTH | HORIZONTAL MANIFOLD THERMAL LOSSES | THERMAL LOSSES (VERTICAL + HORIZONTAL) | TOTAL THERMAL LOSSES | BRANCH FLOW RATE | FLOW RATE ON THE BRANCH $GPM = \left(\frac{BTU}{500\Delta T}\right)$ |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | (FT) | (BTU) | (FT) | (BTU) | (BTU) | (BTU) | (GPM) | (GPM) |
| 1 | 70 | 1050 | 35 | 525 | 1575 | 8175 | 0.22 | 1.64 |
| 2 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | 1650 | 6600 | 0.25 | 1.41 |
| 3 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | 1650 | 4950 | 0.28 | 1.16 |
| 4 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | 1650 | 3300 | 0.34 | 0.88 |
| 5 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | 1650 | 1650 | 0.54 | 0.54 |



Calculate the GPM required at the pump based on Σ thermal losses and back out the flow rate proportionally for each branch until the furthest branch from the pump has been reached.

$$\mathsf{GPM} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{BTU}}{\mathsf{500}\Delta\mathsf{T}}\right)$$

Once the flow rate for the furthest branch has been determined [0.54 GPM based on the assumptions of water distribution temperature (168°F) and maximum allowable ΔT (10°F)], it is possible to calculate pressure drop using the Thermal Disinfection curve.



Locate the C_v for the Thermal Disinfection curve at 160°F and calculate the pressure drop as follows:

$$\Delta P = \left(\frac{GPM}{C_v}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{.54}{1.21}\right)^2 = 0.20 \text{ psi}$$

At this pressure drop, one must sum:

- 1. Headers and risers' pressure drop.
- 2. Recirculation pressure drop at the index valve furthest from the pump.

The total pressure drop together with the flow value must be used to select the appropriate pump.

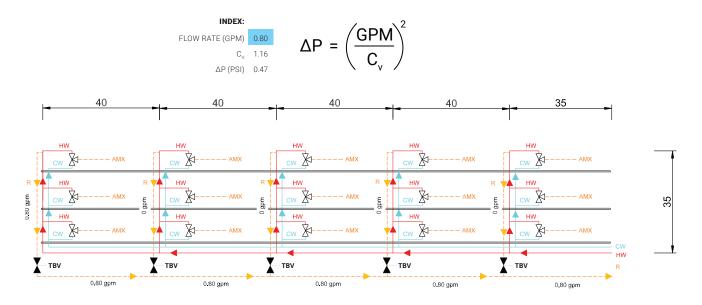
For additional detail, see Design C_v Guide.

ACTUATED THERMAL DISINFECTION (1 BRANCH AT A TIME)

TB-150G

| ASSUMPTIONS: | WATER HEATER TEMP | 168°F |
|--------------|---|--------------|
| | RECIRCSETTER [™] SETPOINT POSITION | 125°F |
| | C _v TEMP | 160°F |
| | HEAT LOSS (h) | 15 BTU/ft/hr |
| | ΔΤ | 10°F |

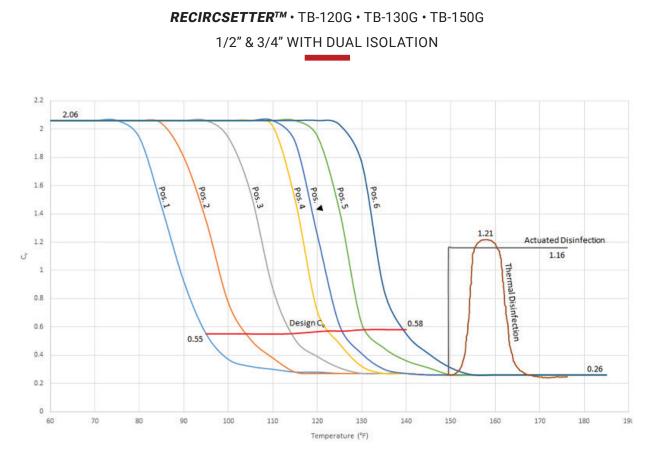
| BRANCH | VERTICAL TOTAL LENGTH (HW + R) | BRANCH THERMAL LOSSES (HW + R) | HORIZONTAL MANIFOLD LENGTH | HORIZONTAL MANIFOLD THERMAL LOSSES | THERMAL LOSSES (VERTICAL + HORIZONTAL) | TOTAL THERMAL LOSSES | BRANCH FLOW RATE | FLOW RATE ON THE BRANCH GPM = $\left(\frac{BTU}{500\Delta T}\right)$ |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | (FT) | (BTU) | (FT) | (BTU) | (BTU) | (BTU) | (GPM) | (GPM) |
| 1 | 70 | 1050 | 35 | 525 | - | 3975 | - | 0.80 |
| 2 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | - | 3975 | - | 0.80 |
| 3 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | - | 3975 | - | 0.80 |
| 4 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | - | 3975 | - | 0.80 |
| 5 | 70 | 1050 | 40 | 600 | 3975 | 3975 | - | 0.80 |



Calculate the GPM required at the pump based on thermal loss through the furthest branch.

$$\mathsf{GPM} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{BTU}}{500\Delta\mathsf{T}}\right)$$

Once the flow rate for the furthest branch has been determined [0.80 GPM based on the assumptions of water distribution temperature (168°F) and maximum allowable ΔT (10°F)], it is possible to calculate pressure drop using the Actuated Disinfection curve.



Locate the C_v for the Actuated Disinfection curve at 160°F and calculate the pressure drop as follows:

$$\Delta P = \left(\frac{GPM}{C_v}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{.80}{1.16}\right)^2 = 0.47 \text{ psi}$$

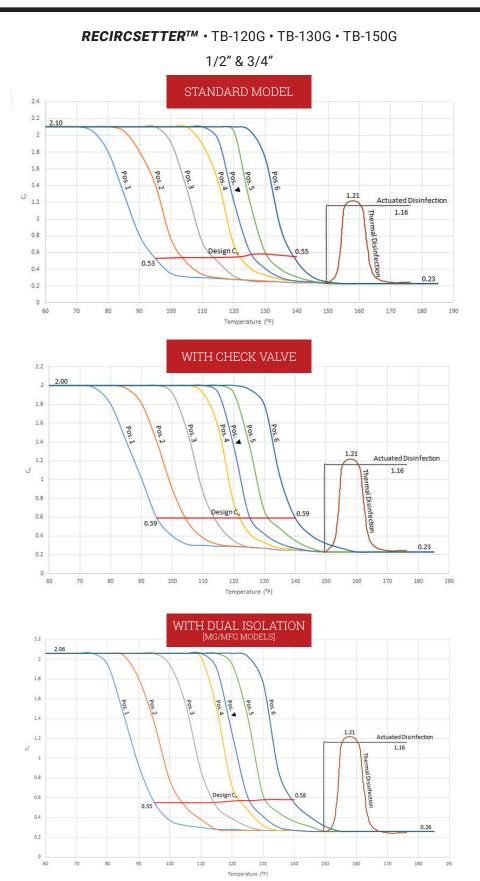
At this pressure drop, one must sum:

- 1. Headers and risers' pressure drop.
- 2. Recirculation pressure drop at the index valve furthest from the pump.

The total pressure drop together with the flow value must be used to select the appropriate pump.

For additional detail, see Design C_v Guide.

DESIGN C_v GUIDE







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